

The invention refers to viticulture, in particular to a process for vine formation without espalier.

The process, according to the invention, includes planting of vine cuttings in rows, formation of two oblique stems into the row plane, formation of the vinehead bearing horns, fixing of the vinehead bearing horns onto a temporary support of rectangular form, formation of the vinehead short horns with fruiting shoots, as well as, optionally, formation of a vertical stem with two horizontal vinehead horns oriented towards opposite directions.

The result consists in providing for a good illumination and airing of the vine at the expense of rational arrangement of the foliar apparatus.

Claims: 2

Fig.: 2